

List of Trivial Activities For Development of Title V Permit Applications (2/22/08)

The following types of activities and emission units may be omitted from Title V permit applications. Certain of these listed activities include qualifying statements intended to exclude many similar activities.

Combustion emissions from propulsion of mobile sources. This includes combustion engines used for landscaping purposes.

Air-conditioning units used for human comfort that do not have applicable requirements under Title VI of the Act.

Ventilating units used for human comfort that do not exhaust air pollutants into the ambient air from any manufacturing/industrial or commercial process.

Food preparation facilities.

Consumer use of office equipment and products, not including commercial printers or businesses primarily involved in photographic reproduction.

Janitorial services and consumer use of janitorial products.

Laundry activities, except for dry-cleaning and steam boilers.

Bathroom/toilet vent emissions.

Emergency (backup) electrical generators at residential locations.

Tobacco smoking rooms and areas.

Blacksmith forges.

Plant maintenance and upkeep activities (e.g., grounds keeping, general repairs, cleaning, painting, welding, plumbing, re-tarring roofs, installing insulation, and paving parking lots) provided these activities are not conducted as part of a manufacturing process, are not related to the source's primary business activity, and not otherwise triggering a permit modification.

Repair or maintenance shop activities not related to the source's primary business activity, not including emissions from surface coating or de-greasing (solvent metal cleaning) activities, and not otherwise triggering a permit modification.

Portable electrical generators that can be moved by hand from one location to another.

"Moved by hand" means that it can be moved without the assistance of any motorized or non-motorized vehicle, conveyance, or device.

Hand-held equipment for buffing, polishing, cutting, drilling, sawing, grinding, trimming or machining wood, metal or plastic.

Brazing, soldering and welding equipment, and cutting torches related to manufacturing and construction activities that do not result in emission of HAP metals.

Air compressors and pneumatically operated equipment, including hand tools.

Batteries and battery charging stations, except at battery manufacturing plants.

Storage tanks, vessels, and containers holding or storing liquid substances that will not emit any VOC or HAP. Storage tanks, reservoirs, and pumping and handling equipment of any size containing soaps, vegetable oil, grease, animal fat, and nonvolatile aqueous salt solutions, provided appropriate lids and covers are utilized.

Equipment used to mix and package, soaps, vegetable oil, grease, animal fat, and nonvolatile aqueous salt solutions, provided appropriate lids and covers are utilized.

Drop hammers or hydraulic presses for forging or metalworking.

Equipment used exclusively to slaughter animals, but not including other equipment at slaughterhouses, such as rendering cookers, boilers heating plants, incinerators, and electrical power generating equipment.

Natural gas pressure regulator vents, excluding venting at oil and gas production facilities.

Equipment used for surface coating, painting, dipping or spraying operations, except those that will emit VOC or HAP.

Bench-scale laboratory equipment used for physical or chemical analysis, including minor lab fume hoods or vents.

Boiler water treatment operations, not including cooling towers.

Steam vents and safety relief valves. Steam cleaning operations.

Fugitive dust from roads and parking lots.

Other sources as determined by the Department on a case by case basis.